Peace Engineering (PENG) for a Sustainable Planet by 2030: Call to Action 2020-2030 Summary of Peace Engineering Biome Kickoff Workshop

The WHY

There are urgent calls to action by the NAE^1 , the Nobel Prize Summit², the UN³ and global scientists⁴ to address and solve, *in this decade* (2020 – 2030), crucial and widely recognized global challenges to peace and security before they become more complex and more environmentally, financially, and socially costly; before we reach the point of no return.

The WHAT

Peace Engineering is the application of STEAM⁵ principles, sustainable practices, cultural sensitivity and innovation to promote and support peace⁶. It recognizes the important contribution that engineering, the hard and social sciences and other disciplines such as law and finance make toward a world where prosperity, sustainability, security, transparency and a culture of equity and quality thrive. UNM's Peace Engineering Biome is a transdisciplinary, multi-institutional center charged with leading the Peace Engineering movement nationally and globally.

The HOW

On October 28th, 2021 the University of New Mexico, Sandia National Laboratories⁷ and the Peace Engineering Biome hosted a kickoff workshop to introduce Peace Engineering to a broader audience and grow the Peace Engineering Consortium, a collective tasked with developing and disseminating knowledge, tools and talent to influence peace efforts globally⁸. The workshop focused on the high priority topical areas of 1) Climate Security; 2) Life Sustainable Infrastructures; 3) Materials & Sustainability; 4) Complex Systems Modeling and 5) Global Security and Cooperative Monitoring⁹. Approximately 70 attendees from universities, DoE National Laboratories, industry, and the government participated in presentations and discussions to achieve the following near and long-term goals:

- 1. Near term goals:
 - Enhance Peace Engineering academic programs
 - Identify joint R&D activities
- 2. **Long term** goals:
 - Maintain and increase momentum and collaboration across Peace Engineering by:
 - i. Growing Peace Engineering Consortium membership
 - ii. Building programs in partnership with related networks and communities of interest (e.g., Project ECHO¹⁰)

¹⁰ https://hsc.unm.edu/echo/



¹ https://www.nationalacademies.org/news/2021/04/nobel-prize-laureates-and-other-experts-issue-urgent-call-for-action-after-our-planet-our-future-summit

² https://www.nobelprize.org/events/nobel-prize-summit/2021/

³ https://www.ipcc.ch/report/ar6/wg1/

⁴ https://www.cnet.com/news/climate-change-cop26-is-the-biggest-conference-in-the-world-heres-why-it-matters/

⁵ STEAM – Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts and Math with a philosophy of integration. Instead of teaching disciplines in independent subject silos, lessons are well rounded, project and inquiry based, with a focus on interdisciplinary learning. https://www.steampoweredfamily.com/education/what-is-stem/

⁶ This definition of Peace Engineering builds on that of A. Vesilind (2006) as "The proactive use of engineering skills to promote a peaceful and just existence for all."

⁷ Sandia National Laboratories is a multimission laboratory managed and operated by National Technology & Engineering Solutions of Sandia, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Honeywell International Inc., for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-NA0003525.

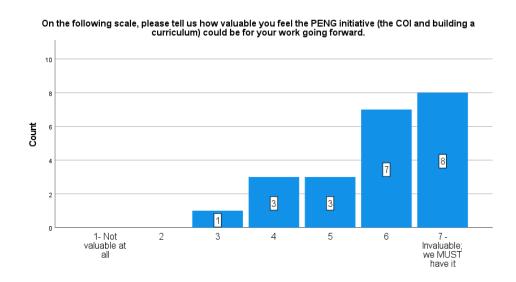
⁸ The mission of the Peace Engineering Consortium, established in 2018, is to develop and disseminate knowledge, tools and talent to influence peacebuilding, peacemaking and peacekeeping globally and to foster social and business entrepreneurial activities. Membership spans academia, industry, multilateral organizations, NGOs, foundations, government entities and individuals.

⁹ See Appendix, "Peace Engineering Organizing Framework" for a proposed framework that builds on the topical areas of the workshop to create a structure for PENG activities.

The OUTCOMES

Participants felt that Peace Engineering is critical in the present and future.

In a survey of workshop attendees, the majority of respondents felt that the themes and goals of Peace Engineering were *already* a part of *more than half of their current work*. When asked how valuable they thought Peace Engineering would be to their future work, *all* saw value in it, and the plurality reported that it would be "invaluable."



Clearly, there is both an acknowledged *current* need for and capacity to provide cost-effective, efficient solutions to the ecological, cultural, and economic challenges that face our planet *today*... but the people who work in these spheres also know that current awareness is not enough. These problems will remain for us to address tomorrow as well, and Peace Engineering is a path that can bring our current capabilities to bear on the complex problems of the present and future. Discussion at the workshop and polling of attendees indicated that the synergy between sustainable development and security programs necessary to tackle the problems we face as a global community – a synergy facilitated by PENG – can be specifically facilitated in the following ways:

Peace Engineering will be advanced by transforming engineering education

Engineers are generally taught to work toward the most cost effective, most efficient solution to a technical problem. Peace Engineering applies this same training and mentality with emphasis on ecological considerations, cultural and economic sustainability and resilience, inclusivity, social equity, and global partnerships to mitigate conflict.

First, we must review and expand existing curricula and practices to educate future engineers to be both technically astute and literate in multiple relevant disciplines. They must have the technical depth required for engineering and must also be educated and exposed to other STEM fields, the social sciences, the arts, and applied disciplines such as diplomacy, health, law, and business. To achieve this, we will 1.) Establish a baseline Body of Knowledge (BoK) for Peace Engineering education and practice that institutions can use as a guide when creating Peace Engineering programs, and 2.) Work with ABET and other organizations to accredit PENG program(s). The BoK will advise on transformative program content, curricula, service learning, certificates, internships and continuing education. It will emphasize the ethics and attention to social and environmental contexts that are necessary to achieve awareness of both intended and unintended consequences of technology and engineering solutions.

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Second, Peace Engineering education has great potential to enrich the engineering talent pipeline by attracting diverse students interested in creating change and having a positive impact. To achieve this, it is critical to identify and emphasize attributes of PENG education that make it desirable to employers, and to provide entry points and ongoing education to professionals at every level.

Peace Engineering must be transdisciplinary

To create successful, sustainable peace solutions to the complex problems we face presently and in the future, engineers must draw on the expertise of other disciplines including social and community-based psychology, anthropology, sociology, medicine and law (and in turn these disciplines should be exposed to engineering), and work with the finance and business communities on comprehensive models for risk, mitigation, transparency and return on Peace Engineering initiatives. The Biome will strive to integrate these multiple disciplines to address global issues including but not limited to climate change, rapid urbanization, and population growth and migration.

Partnerships and collaboration are essential

Achieving PENG goals of peace and security requires collaboration within and across partner institutions – from academia, research & development laboratories, industry, government, NGOs, multilateral organizations and others. In a survey completed by workshop attendees, almost every respondent indicated interest in some type of collaborative project in at least one of the five topical areas of the workshop. Evocative of the larger trend, one participant wrote, "I have spent decades trying to bring together cross-disciplinary activities (with significant frustration), and PENG provides a forum for like-minded and aware persons and programs to collaborate." These collaborations enable members to build on each other's efforts and force multiply peace outcomes and impacts. As well, we need to collaborate with global partner academic institutions in joint education and research projects.

It is important that the Peace Engineering approach embrace community, culture, and individuals

To deploy new and enduring solutions that are context- and scale-specific, Peace Engineering embraces community, culture, and individuals, and the Biome will specifically make its transdisciplinary approach community-defined – listen first, apply technology second.

Peace Engineering should inform diplomacy and policy-making

The Biome will strive to establish and emphasize the roles and contributions of engineers and scientists in diplomacy and policymaking. This includes promoting science, technology and engineering literacy in policy makers, and increasing diplomacy and policy literacy in scientists, technologists, and engineers.

In addition, as systems engineers, PENG practitioners support policy-making by implementing complex, holistic systems models to measure, analyze, model and predict the dynamic interactions of peace interventions, including factors that are often in tension such as peacebuilding and conflict management, security and development, trust and misinformation, corruption and civil unrest, climate change and migration. These models and tools, which can capitalize on digital repositories, open-source data and open source intelligence, include-standards for measuring peace and its derivatives, situational awareness maps and early warning systems. These tools can assist diplomats, policy makers and the business community in designing and implementing strategies to anticipate and address problems with sustainable solutions that promote human security and wellbeing.

Foster Peace Engineering R&D, Peace-Tech and entrepreneurship

We must identify R&D and entrepreneurship opportunities that promote peace and security, sustainability, well-being, and equity, implementing tenets of the circular economy¹¹. These opportunities should cultivate a marketplace for technologies that support peace (Peace-Tech) through ESG (Environmental, Social and Governance) finance metrics¹² and global soft landings¹³ that will accelerate and leverage both global innovations and marketplaces for these high-impact products and services. The ultimate vision is to foster a self-sustaining Peace Industrial Complex^{14,15} where economic impact and return on investments in Peace-Tech can be measured consistently and predictably for global sustainability¹⁶.

The NEXT STEPS – How we are transforming ideas into action

Peace Engineering Academic Programs

Drexel University established the first Peace Engineering Master's degree program in the US in 2018. The University of New Mexico began offering a Peace Engineering Undergraduate Minor program in 2020, is growing its MS and PhD programs and is creating a fully online MS degree in collaboration with the Peace Engineering Consortium. The online MS degree will be offered starting in the 2022-2023 academic year. Certificate programs and micro-credentials will also be offered at this time. The programs should be of interest to a wide range of individuals such as students, policy makers, and practitioners. The Peace Engineering Consortium will provide a framework for Peace Engineering education and practice that institutions can use as a guide when creating Peace Engineering programs.

Working Groups

As a follow-up to this workshop, we will host a sequence of working group sessions, addressing these topic areas 1) Climate Security; 2) Life Sustainable Infrastructures; 3) Materials & Sustainability; 4) Complex Systems Modeling and 5) Global Security and Cooperative Monitoring with the goal of identifying significant, achievable, immediate, and sustainable actions that we will take now. Working groups will address:

- Curriculum: Peace Engineering educational programs including the development of curricula for undergraduate minor programs, expanding existing MS and PhD programs, and developing certificate programs that will provide PENG-relevant micro-credentials.
- Outreach: Development of outreach activities including community partnerships and participatory projects, and audience-specific marketing ventures to facilitate recruitment of PENG practitioners and expand awareness of its mission and capabilities.
- **Partnerships and Sponsors:** Identification of key partnerships and sponsors through strategic development. This involves reviewing short, medium, and long-term opportunities with both local and global scope.

¹¹ Circular economy: a system that is restorative or regenerative by intention and design. It replaces the end-of-life concept with restoration, shifts towards the use of renewable energy, eliminates the use of toxic chemicals, which impair reuse and return to the biosphere, and aims for the elimination of waste through the superior design of materials, products, systems and business models. https://reports.weforum.org/toward-the-circular-economy-accelerating-the-scale-up-across-global-supply-chains/from-linear-to-circular-accelerating-a-proven-concept

 $^{^{12}\ \}underline{\text{https://www.weforum.org/press/2021/01/global-business-leaders-support-esg-convergence-by-committing-to-stakeholder-capitalism-metrics-73b5e9f13d}$

¹³ Soft Landing: A controlled launch of a business into a new market during which less cost and risk are incurred.

¹⁴ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peace%E2%80%93industrial complex

¹⁵ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Military%E2%80%93industrial complex

¹⁶ https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2021/02/war-violence-costs-each-human-5-a-day/

Communities of Interest

The surveys indicate that there is a strong interest in forming and participating in Communities of Interest around several key topic areas, of which some have already been identified above. We are collecting data from the surveys to determine Community of Interest topics and participants.

APPENDIX

Workshop Agenda

- 8:45 Peace Engineering Joseph Hughes, Drexel University
 9:00 Climate Security and Peace Engineering Robert Leland, Sandia National Labs
 9:15 The Cooperative Monitoring Center Adriane Littlefield, Sandia National Labs
 9:30 Sudan ECHO Center of Excellence -- Nada Fadul, University of Nebraska Medical Center
 9:45 Water & Resiliency -- Mark Stone & Kerry Howe, University of New Mexico
 10:00 Materials for Sustainability Technical Challenge Jim McElhanon, Sandia National Labs
 10:15 Peace Engineering & the North George Roe, US DoE Arctic Energy Office
 10:30 Tribal Energy and Energy Equality Sandra Begay, Sandia National Labs & UNM Regent
- 10:45 Periodic Table Finance, ESG, Resiliency, etc. Bruce Cahan, Stanford & Urban Logic
- 11:00 Break
- 11:15 Sandia Tech Transfer and Industry Engagement Mary Monson, Sandia National Labs
- 11:22 Mesa del Sol Smart City David S. Campbell, Mesa del Sol
- 11:30 Open Discussion Moving Forward
- 12:25 WRAP-UP

Workshop Discussion Questions

Participants were asked to consider the following during discussion and in survey.

- What excites you about working together under the PENG initiative to advance our respective programs and activities?
- What are specific topic ideas that you would be interested in applying for funding for, and who are the potential sponsors?
 - What are the near-term opportunities to work together on PENG (in concrete activities)? Long term activities?
- What are the next steps you/we need to take to realize these opportunities?

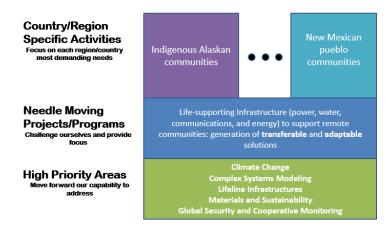
Peace Engineering Organizing Framework

The PENG Organizing Framework is a proposed framework that builds on the topical areas of the workshop to create a structure for (potential) PENG activities that will occur at many different levels:

- Institutional: academic, industry, labs, NGOs, governments
- By Country or Region
- High impact worldwide activities

The following diagram is an example of the framework applied to the comparative infrastructure needs in remote communities in New Mexico and Alaska.

PENG Organizing Framework



Needle Moving Projects/Programs: Life-supporting infrastructure to support remote communities. We will achieve this by using the PENG, community-informed approach in multiple communities that are similar in some ways, but different in others. Our goal is not to make a 'generalizable' solution because it is likely that their needs, though similar in some ways, are also different. Our goal is to create a solution that is both adaptable to the specific context, and transferable. It's potential to have an impact that is both wide (on many communities) and its leveraging of multiple disciplines and priority areas, make it a 'needle-moving' project.